# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Owner of the Declaration DuPont de Nemours (Luxembourg) s.à r.l.

Programme holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

Publisher Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)

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DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 (1060B, 1560B, 2460B) DuPont de Nemours (Luxembourg) s.à r.l.



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# General Information

#### DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 DuPont de Nemours (Luxembourg) s.à r.l. (1060B, 1560B, 2460B) Owner of the declaration Programme holder IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. DuPont de Nemours (Luxembourg) s.à r.l. Rue Général Patton Panoramastr. 1 L-2984 Contern 10178 Berlin Luxembourg Germany Declared product / declared unit **Declaration number** EPD-DUP-20210183-IBC1-EN 1 m<sup>2</sup> DuPont<sup>™</sup> Tyvek<sup>®</sup> Monolayer (1060B, 1560B, 2460B) This declaration is based on the product Scope: category rules: This document applies to DuPont™ Tyvek® 1060B, 1560B and 2460B monolayer high density polyethylene False ceiling and underlay sheeting, 11.2017 (HDPE) membranes manufactured by DuPont in L-(PCR checked and approved by the SVR) 2984 Contern and printed in Germany, with a declared unit weight of 58 g/m<sup>2</sup>. The LCA data were compiled Issue date using production data from the year 2019 by DuPont 30/11/2021 Luxembourg s.à r.l. The declaration holder is responsible for the underlying data and its verification. Valid to 29/11/2026 The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences. The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In the following, the standard will be simplified as EN 15804. Verification Ham leten The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2010 Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters internally X externally (chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.) Vito D'Incognito Dr. Alexander Röder (Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)) (Independent verifier)

# 2. Product

# 2.1 Information about the enterprise

DuPont is a global innovation leader with technology-based materials and solutions that help transform industries and everyday life. Founded in 1962, the company's location in Luxembourg manufactures a wide range of products among which Tyvek®, a 100% synthetic material made from high-density spunbonded polyethylene fibres.

# 2.2 Product description/Product definition

DuPont™ Tyvek® is a nonwoven material made of HDPE, which is diffusion open but watertight. It is used as a roof and wall underlay.

For the placing on the market of the product in the European Union/European Free Trade Association (EU/EFTA) (with the exception of Switzerland) Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 (CPR) applies. The product needs a declaration of performance taking into consideration EN 13859-1:2010 Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 1: Underlays for discontinuous roofing

and EN 13859-2:2010: Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 2 Underlays for walls and the CE-marking. For the application and use the respective national provisions apply.

# 2.3 Application

Tyvek® underlays are used in roofs and walls. They constitute the second water-shedding layer and at the same time protect the insulation from trapped moisture, wind penetration, dust and insects. Insulation installed below Tyvek® is kept dry and performs as designed.

# 2.4 Technical Data

The following chapter comprises technical data for the characteristics listed in the Declaration of Performance according to the harmonized technical specifications *EN 13859-1* and *EN 13859-2*.

# **Technical Data**



Name	Value	Unit	
Length acc. to EN 1848-2	50m standard	m	
Width acc. to EN 1848-2	1.5m standard	m	
Grammage acc. to EN 1849-2	0.058	kg/m²	
Resistance to water penetration acc. to EN 1928 (class)	W1	-	
Water vapor diffusion equivalent air layer thickness acc. to EN ISO 12572	0.015	m	
Maximum tensile force acc. to EN 12311-1	165/135	N/50mm	
Elongation acc. to EN 12311-1	9/14.5	%	
Resistance to water penetration after ageing acc. to EN 1297, EN 1928 (class)	W1	-	
Tear Resistance (nail) acc. to EN 12310-1	60/60	N	

Performance data of the product in accordance with the declaration of performance with respect to its essential characteristics according to EN 13859-1:2010 Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 1: Underlays for discontinuous roofing and EN 13859-2:2010 Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 2 Underlays for walls.

#### 2.5 **Delivery status**

The single selling unit is a roll of up to 3 m width and a length of up to 100 m. Usually several rolls are strapped and piled on a wooden pallet. The order unit is square meter [m2].

# Base materials/Ancillary materials

Tyvek® single layer membranes are made of

- high density polyethylene (HDPE) >99 %
- hindered amine light stabilizers (HALS, added for UV stabilization) <1 %.

#### 2.7 Manufacture

Tyvek® underlays are produced on semi-continuously operating production facilities in different countries. Process steps include:

- 1. Spinning of thin HDPE filaments.
- 2. Bonding of filament sheet.
- 3. Printing, slitting and packaging of the finished roll goods.

#### 2.8 **Environment and health during** manufacturing

The Tyvek® manufacturing facilities employed in the production of Tyvek® in Luxembourg are ISO 14001 certified. All facilities comply with local regulations and DuPont internal standards. Particular care is taken to ensure the safety of anyone involved in the Tyvek® supply chain in line with the DuPont safety culture: all injuries can be prevented (goal is ZERO).

## Product processing/Installation

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Tyvek® membranes for walls and roofs can be either installed on the construction site or in manufacturing facilities in case of pre-fabricated buildings. In both instances, the material is usually installed by manually unwinding the sheet from the roll and placing it onto the designated surface. Tools required are usually a

knife or scissors to cut the sheet as well as a stapler to fix it to the construction. Refer to Tyvek® installation guidelines attached to every roll for more information.

# 2.10 Packaging

Tyvek® is wound onto carton cores. Each roll comes with a paper insert sheet. Rolls are individually wrapped in foil (LDPE: low-density PE) and stacked on wooden pallets which are also wrapped in LDPE stretch film. Vertical sides of the pallets are protected with a carton profile.

All packaging materials can be reused (e.g. pallets), recycled or valorised through energy recovery.

# 2.11 Condition of use

Materials are not expected to change or react during the period of use. Tyvek® is intended to be installed on the cold side of the insulation and is designed to withstand substantial temperature changes during service life.

# 2.12 Environment and health during use

Tyvek® membranes are usually concealed below roof decking or facade cladding. They do not require maintenance and will not produce emissions. There are no environmental or health concerns to be expected from the use of the material.

#### 2.13 Reference service life

The documentation of the RSL is not required for this EPD since not the entire life cycle is declared (without modules B1-B7). Nevertheless, the product is assumed to have a reference service life of 30 years, corresponding to the average roof lifetime (BNB Nutzungsdauerliste). But this assumption could not be verified because the Tyvek® envelopes have only been sold for about 25 years.

# 2.14 Extraordinary effects

## **Fire**

Fire protection

Name	Value
Building material class acc. to EN	E (on mineral wool
13501-1	and wood)

#### Water

Tyvek® membranes are inherently waterproof. No part of the product will dissolve in water nor will the product release any toxic substances to water.

## **Mechanical destruction**

No possible impacts on the environment following unforeseeable mechanical destruction are known.

# 2.15 Re-use phase

The material is not intended to be re-used or recycled. Energy recovery is possible.

# 2.16 Disposal

Disposal of the material should be made according to national legislation. Incineration is the preferred way of disposal. European Waste Codes (Commission decision 2014/955/EU) for waste plastics (except packaging) is 02 01 04 and for mixed construction and demolition wastes it is 17 09 04. Both may apply.



#### 2.17 Further information

Additional information about product properties and use can be found at www.building.dupont.com.Safety

Data Sheets (SDS) or Article Information Sheets (AIS) of the products can be found at www.dupont.com.

# LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Declared Unit** 3.1

This declaration applies to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of DuPont™ Tyvek® 1060B, 1560B and 2460B membranes, with a declared unit weight of 58 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

The product 1060B uses a different bonder for processing, while the products 1560B and 2460B only differ from the printed pattern.

#### **Declared Unit**

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	m <sup>2</sup>
Grammage	0.058	kg/m²

# System boundary

Type of EPD: Cradle-to-gate (with options) The system boundaries of the EPD follow the modular construction system as described by EN 15804. The LCA takes into account the following modules:

- A1-A3: Manufacturing of pre-products, packaging, ancillary materials, transport to the factory, production including energy supply and waste handling
- A4: Transport to the construction site
- A5: Installation into the building (disposal of packaging)
- C4: Waste disposal (incineration)
- D: Potential for reuse, recovery and/or recycling (benefits for incineration and recovery of packaging materials from module A5 and envelopes incineration from module C4).

# **Estimates and assumptions**

The colour paste used in the finishing process was valued with a general composition of water-based colour paste (conservative approach).

## **Cut-off criteria**

All data were taken into consideration (recipe constituents, process water, electricity used). In case of missing data, a cut-off criteria of 1 % of the total input mass was applied for unit processes and 5 % for the entire modules (as recommended by EN 15804, section 6.3.5) and therefore some inputs were excluded: tape and spiking agent for monolayer production (sum < 0.04 % of total input mass for monolayer production), paper ink, hotmelt, paper, tape and detergent for finishing process (sum < 0.2 % of total input mass for finishing process). Transports were considered for all inputs and outputs. Manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the life cycle assessment (LCA). Regarding possible off-cuts during installation, the amount is lower than 5 % and therefore also neglected.

#### **Background data** 3.5

All background data for the LCA model were taken from the database of GaBi 10.5.0.78.

#### 3.6 Data quality

To simulate the product stage, data recorded by DuPont Luxembourg s.à r.l. and the converting plant in Germany from the production year 2019 were used. Eurostat data for the years 2018-2019 were used to model the modules A4 (freight transport modal split) and A5 (packaging disposal routes). Regarding background processes, the Luxembourg and German electricity grid mix were applied to the production plants in these countries (A1-A3). Other background data were specific to Germany or the European average, and were not older than 10 years. The representativeness can be classified as very good for all the foreground data, and most of the background data.

#### 3.7 Period under review

The period of study encompasses the year 2019.

#### Allocation

Mass allocation was applied for production. At the DuPont site in Luxembourg, Tyvek® waste materials are recycled internally or sold and transformed externally. The further use of the valorized HDPE granulates was cut-off from the system boundaries, as for the packaging materials sent for recycling. The Tyvek® final waste material sent to incineration is modelled through the combustion process of the specific material and the avoided conventional energy production is considered in module D. The potential benefit in module D will be possible only if the Tyvek® will be separate and incinerated.

#### 3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

GaBi 10.5.0.78 was used to model background data.



# 4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

# **Characteristic product properties** Information on biogenic Carbon

The product does not contain biogenic carbon.

Information on describing the biogenic Carbon Content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in product	0	kg C
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.0037	kg C

The following technical information serves as a basis for the declared modules or can be used for the development of specific scenarios in the context of a building assessment.

# Transport from the gate to the construction site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance (weighted average)	3064	km
Transport (train)	1.48E-02	tkm
Transport (road)	6.43E-02	tkm
Transport (water)	1.19E-01	tkm

Installation of the product into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Wood waste to landfill	2.97E-4	kg
Wood waste to incineration	1.78E-04	kg
Cardboard waste to landfill	2.96E-04	kg
Cardboard waste to incineration	2.26E-04	kg
Plastic waste to landfill	2.66E-05	kg
Plastic waste to incineration	3.63E-05	kg

End-of-life stage (C1-C4)

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Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately Tyvek® waste	0.058	kg
Energy recovery	100	%
R1 value	< 0.6	



# 5. LCA: Results

The results displayed below apply to 1 m<sup>2</sup> of DuPont™ Tyvek® 1060B, 1560B and 2460B membranes, with a declared unit weight of 58 g/m<sup>2</sup>.

Disclaimers:

EP-freshwater: This indicator has been calculated as "kg P eq" as required in the characterization model (EUTREND model, Struijs et al., 2009b, as implemented in ReCiPe;

http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.xhtml).

Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235: This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption: The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

# DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; ND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT

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PRODUCT STAGE			CONST ON PR		USE STAGE			EN	D OF LI	FE STA		BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES				
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse- Recovery- Recycling- potential
<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	ND	ND	MNR	MNR	MNR	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Х	Х

# RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m2 DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 (1060B, 1560B and 2460B)

Core Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C4	D
Global warming potential - total	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.81E-1	6.04E-3	1.85E-3	1.82E-1	-9.61E-2
Global warming potential - fossil fuels	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.81E-1	5.92E-3	1.50E-4	1.82E-1	-9.56E-2
Global warming potential - biogenic	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	1.78E-4	8.27E-5	1.70E-3	6.04E-6	-4.49E-4
GWP from land use and land use change	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.]	2.10E-4	4.02E-5	4.91E-8	9.74E-7	-6.03E-5
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	4.18E-12	4.77E-18	2.39E-19	1.36E-17	-9.89E-16
Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance	[mol H+-Eq.]	1.08E-3	6.60E-5	3.89E-7	1.81E-5	-1.18E-4
Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment	[kg PO <sub>4</sub> -Eq.]	4.41E-7	1.51E-8	3.68E-9	1.82E-9	-1.14E-7
Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment	[kg N-Eq.]	1.72E-4	2.40E-5	1.70E-7	3.80E-6	-3.45E-5
Eutrophication, accumulated exceedance	[mol N-Eq.]	1.86E-3	2.64E-4	1.58E-6	8.49E-5	-3.70E-4
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	[kg NMVOC-Eq.]	6.10E-4	5.41E-5	6.85E-7	1.13E-5	-9.72E-5
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb-Eq.]	4.29E-8	4.51E-10	5.04E-12	2.06E-10	-1.48E-8
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	[MJ]	6.99E+0	8.00E-2	8.54E-4	2.22E-2	-1.65E+0
Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP)	[m³ world-Eq deprived]	2.60E-2	7.10E-5	8.61E-5	1.67E-2	-6.55E-3

# RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m2 DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 (1060B, 1560B and 2460B)

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C4	D
Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.28E-1	5.05E-3	8.75E-5	4.39E-3	-3.39E-1
Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	[MJ]	3.23E-4	-9.39E-15	-1.22E-16	1.82E-14	-6.85E-13
Total use of renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.28E-1	5.05E-3	8.75E-5	4.39E-3	-3.39E-1
Non-renewable primary energy as energy carrier	[MJ]	6.99E+0	8.01E-2	8.54E-4	2.22E-2	-1.65E+0
Non-renewable primary energy as material utilization	[MJ]	1.55E-4	2.57E-6	1.67E-8	7.84E-7	-5.37E-5
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources	[MJ]	6.99E+0	8.01E-2	8.54E-4	2.22E-2	-1.65E+0
Use of secondary material	[kg]	3.58E-3	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
Use of renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	5.65E-8	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	[MJ]	6.23E-7	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
Use of net fresh water	[m³]	3.96E-3	5.56E-6	2.05E-6	3.92E-4	-3.31E-4

RESULTS OF THE LCA - WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 m2 DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 (1060B, 1560B and 2460B)



Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C4	D
Hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	1.64E-9	4.16E-12	1.54E-13	3.96E-12	-3.67E-10
Non-hazardous waste disposed	[kg]	2.86E-3	1.30E-5	4.46E-4	7.20E-4	-7.26E-4
Radioactive waste disposed	[kg]	1.21E-4	5.40E-7	1.79E-8	1.26E-6	-1.09E-4
Components for re-use	[kg]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Materials for recycling	[kg]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Materials for energy recovery	[kg]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Exported electrical energy	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	1.46E-3	3.88E-1	0.00E+0
Exported thermal energy	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.08E-3	6.98E-1	0.00E+0

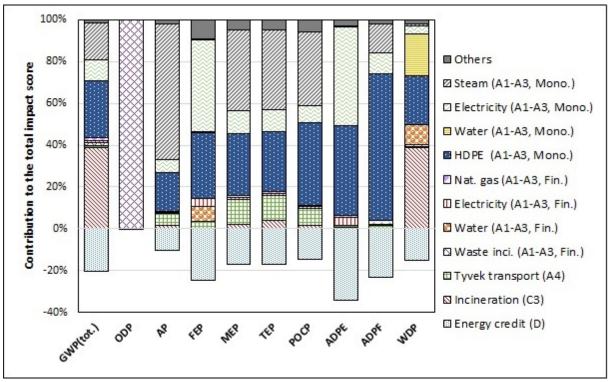
# RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional: 1 m2 DuPont™ Tyvek® Monolayer 60 (1060B, 1560B and 2460B)

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Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	C4	D
Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions	[Disease Incidence]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235	[kBq U235- Eq.]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems	[CTUe]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans - cancerogenic	[CTUh]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Potential comparative toxic unit for humans - not cancerogenic	[CTUh]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Potential soil quality index	[-]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND



# LCA: Interpretation

The following chart shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various LCA categories in a dominance analysis.



For most of the impact categories, more than 70 % of the impacts are dominated by the Tyvek® production (A1-A3) and in particular by the supply of HDPE granulates, steam and electricity.

The production phase represents 59 % of GWP, which is also highly influenced by the final disposal (39 % of the generated impact). This is due to the emissions of carbon dioxide from the incineration plant.

The avoided energy production thanks to waste incineration leads to significant benefits, which are mostly around 20 % of the impact results.

Waste incineration during the finishing step, including Tyvek® and packaging materials, is completely dominating the ODP score due to halogens emissions to air in the module "EU-28: Waste incineration of plastics (PE, PP, PS, PB)". The transport of Tyvek® products to the customers contributes to 12 % of MEP and TEP due to the emissions of nitrogen monoxide during lorry and sea transport (module A4). As expected, the use of water, in particular cold water for monolayer production, dominates the WDP score.

ADPE: Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil

**ADPF:** Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources AP: Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance FEP: Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

Fin.: Finishing process

**GWP:** Global Warming Potential HDPE: High-Density Polyethylene LCA: Life Cycle Assessment

MEP: Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching

marine end compartment Mono: Monolayer production Nat. gas: Natural gas

ODP: Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer

POCP: Formation potential of tropospheric ozone

photochemical oxidants TEP: Eutrophication, accumulated exceedance

WDP: Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-

weighted water consumption

# Glossary:

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# Requisite evidence

No requisite evidence is required for DuPont™ Tyvek® 1060B, 1560B and 2460B monolayer membranes.



# 8. References

#### EN 12310-1

EN 12310-1:1999, Flexible sheets for waterproofing -Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing; determination of resistance to tearing (nail shank)

## EN 12311-1

EN 12311-1:1999, Flexible sheets for waterproofing -Part 1: Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing; Determination of tensile properties

# EN 1297

EN 1297:2004, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing - Method of artificial ageing by long term exposure to the combination of UV radiation, elevated temperature and water

#### EN 13501-1

EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2010, Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

#### EN 13859-1

EN 13859-1:2010, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 1: Underlays for discontinuous roofing

#### EN 13859-2

EN 13859-2:2010, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Definitions and characteristics of underlays - Part 2: Underlays for walls

#### EN 15804

EN 15804:2019+A2, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

#### EN 1848-2

EN 1848-2:2001, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Determination of length, width, straightness and flatness - Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing

# EN 1849-2

EN 1849-2:2019, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Determination of thickness and mass per unit area - Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets

# EN 1928

EN 1928:2000, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Bitumen, plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing - Determination of watertightness

## **EN ISO 12572**

EN ISO 12572:2017, Hygrothermal performance of building materials and products -- Determination of water vapour transmission properties

## **EN ISO 14001**

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EN ISO 14001:2015, Environmental management systems - Requirements with guidance for use (ISO 14001:2015)

#### ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures.

#### PCR. Part A

PCR 2021, Part A - PCR Guidance-Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report according to EN 15804+A2:2019 (version 1.1.1, 2021)

# PCR, Part B

PCR 2017, Part B - PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Services: Requirements on the EPD for False ceiling and underlay sheeting (version 1.6, 2017)

#### **IBU 2016**

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.: General Programme Instructions for the Preparation of EPDs at the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Version 1., Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2016. www.ibu-epd.com

#### **BNB Nutzungsdauerliste**

BNB Nutzungsdauerliste: 2017. Nutzungsdaueren von Bauteilen published by Informationsportal Nachhaltiges Bauen des Bundesministeriums des Inneren für Bau und Heimat.

# **European Waste Code**

European Waste Code: 2000. European List of Waste European Waste Codes: (Commission decision 2014/955/EU)

## **Eurostat**

Eurostat:2021, Data browser, Packaging waste by waste management operations; Recycling rate of packaging waste by type of packaging

## GaBi 10.5.0.78

GaBi 10.5.0.78:2021. Life Cycle Engineering software and database. Sphera Solutions GmbH, 2021.

# Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011

Regulation (EU) No. 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC

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